Analysis Center of Saint Petersburg University

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Abstract

This report briefly summarizes the activities of the Analysis Center of Saint Petersburg University during 2009. Changes that happened, as well as our future plans, are described.

1. Introduction

The Analysis Center of Saint Petersburg University (SPU AC) was established in the Sobolev Astronomical Institute of the SPb University in 1998. The main activity of the SPU AC for the International VLBI Service before 2007 consisted of routine processing of 24-hour and 1-hour observational sessions for obtaining Earth Orientation Parameters (EOP) and rapid UT1-UTC values respectively. Due to staff changes in 2007 we had a gap in our submissions for IVS. In 2008 we resumed submitting results of 24-hour session processing. During 2009 the activities of the SPU AC continued unchanged.

2. Staff

The lecturer in astronomy of Saint Petersburg University, Dmitriy Trofimov, was in charge of the routine processing of the VLBI observations. General coordination and support for the activities of the SPU AC at the Astronomical Institute was performed by Prof. Veniamin Vityazev.

3. Activities in 2009

- In 2009 we continued the work resumed in 2008. The routine estimation of the five Earth Orientation Parameters was performed. The OCCAM package software (version 6.2) was used for current processing of VLBI data [1]. The time series is named spu00004.eops. It includes data obtained by the IRIS-A, NEOS-A, R1, and R4 observing programs, and it covers 21 years of observations (from January 2, 1989 until the end of 2009). The total number of processed experiments is about 1500, of which 103 VLBI sessions were processed in 2009. Our experience and the equipment of the Analysis Center was used for giving lectures and practical work on the basics of radio interferometry for the university students.
- All parameters have been adjusted using the Kalman filter technique. For all stations (except the reference one), the wet delay, clock offsets, clock rates, and troposphere gradients were estimated. Troposphere wet delay and clock offsets were modeled as a stochastic process such as a random walk. The clock rates and the troposphere gradients were considered to be constant parameters.
- The main details of the preparation of the EOP time series spu00004.eops are summarized below:

Data span: 1989.01–2009.12CRF: fixed to ICRF-Ext.2

IVS 2009 Annual Report 209

- TRF: VTRF2005 was used as an a priori TRF
- Estimated parameters:
 - 1. EOP: $x, y, UT1 UTC, d\psi, d\varepsilon$;
 - 2. troposphere: troposphere gradients were estimated as constant parameters, and wet troposphere delays were modeled as a random walk process;
 - 3. station clocks were treated as follows: offset as a random walk process, rate as a constant.

nutation model: IAU 1980
mapping function: VMF1
technique: Kalman filter
software: OCCAM v.6.2

4. Future Plans

In 2010 we are going to continue our regular processing of the results of the VLBI sessions, as well as giving lectures and practical work for the students within a special course on radio astrometry which is included in the systematic curriculum of astronomical education in the SPb University.

References

[1] O. Titov, V. Tesmer, J. Boehm, OCCAM v. 6. 0 Software for VLBI Data Analysis, In International VLBI Service for Geodesy and Astrometry 2004 General Meeting Proceedings, N. R. Vandenberg and K. D. Baver (eds.), NASA/CP-2004-212255, pp.267-271, 2004.