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# "Cut-off elevation angle and the baseline length repeatability (a case of CONT05)"

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### Cut-off elevation angle and the baseline length repeatability (a case of CONT05) Zinovy Malkin Pulkovo Observatory September 8, 2007

#### Introduction

In this memo, the results of processing of the CONT05 observations aiming at investigation of the impact of the cut-off elevation angle (CEA) on the baseline length repeatability are presented. For this test, CONT05A observations were processed with different CEA from 3° to 25°, keeping all other options the same as used during the routine processing:

Kalman filter mode, random walk model for clocks, PSD=1.5 ps<sup>2</sup>/s, random walk model for ZTD, PSD=0.25 ps<sup>2</sup>/s, one NS and EW troposphere gradient estimate for the session.

This should be mentioned that in the case of  $e_0 = 3^\circ$ , all the observations are included, since no observations were made at the elevation less than  $4^\circ$ .

#### **Test results**

Figure 1 shows the result of the normal (routine) processing, without applying an elevation cut-off, but with elevation-depending weighting using the weight factor  $P=(\cos(z_0)/\cos(z))^2$ , where normally  $z_{0=}80^\circ$ , and z is the maximum zenith distance of the source at two stations. Test results obtained with different CEA e<sub>0</sub> are shown in Figures 2 and 3.



Fig. 1. Baseline length repeatability for the normal processing mode.



Fig. 1. Dependence of the baseline length repeatability on the cut-off elevation angle. Linear and quadratic regression lines are shown in the plots



Fig. 2. Dependence of the baseline length repeatability on the cut-off elevation angle (summary of results shown in Fig 1). At the top: all tested CEA; at the bottom: low CEA and normal processing mode with the elevation-depending weighting.

#### Conclusion

The preliminary conclusions from this test are the following.

- The baseline length repeatability steadily grows with the CEA increasing, remaining practically the same in the cut-off angle range from 3° (i.e. no cut-off for the CONT05) to 9°.
- The best result is obtained when the elevation-depending weighting is applied to the lowelevation observations. Further adjustment of the weighting method may be fruitful.

Finally, we can conclude that inclusion of the low-elevation observations, properly weighted, improves the baseline length repeatability.