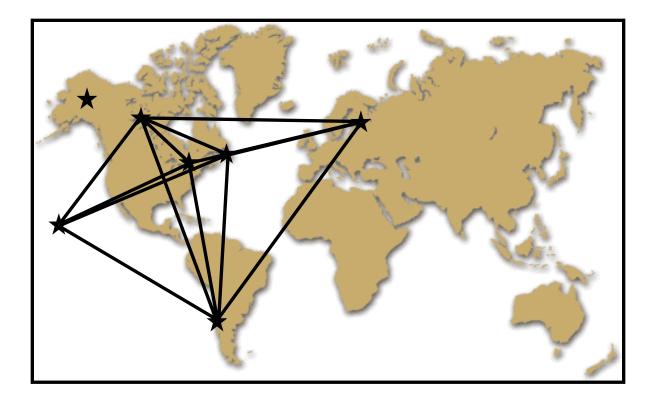
### **IVS-E3** Network

The purpose of the IVS-E3 sessions is to provide an additional monthly EOP monitoring session. These sessions will use S2 technology for recording and processing. The network will be fixed because of the limited number of stations currently equipped with geodetic S2 capability.



Station	Sessions
Algonquin	36
CTVA St-John's	33
Yellowknife (June to October)	10
Kokee	29
TIGO Chile	28
Svetloe	12
Gilmore Creek (November to May)	3

**<u>Correlator</u>** : Penticton (Canada)

# **S2** Geodetic Components

### **S2** Correlator

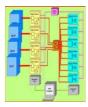
- Developed at DRAO with funding from Canadian Space Agency (CSA) to support Space VLBI.
- In operation for more than 8 years.
- 6 station configuration (expandable to 10+).
- Using 6 playback terminals (S2-PT).
- Design to handle S2 frequency-switched bandwidth synthesis data for geodesy.
- Extensive Data Quality Analysis.

### **S2 Recording terminal (S2-RT)**

- Utilize commercial video recording (VCR) technology
- Recording at 128Mbits/sec in LP (4hours) and SLP (6hours) modes.
- Data, Signal and Control Module (DSCM)
- 2 Transport Array Modules (TAMs).
- Power On Self Test.
- Monitoring and Control via Console or Ethernet.
- Internal log file. Batch file mode. Default file.
- Supported by PCFS.

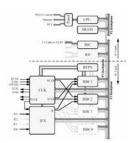
### S2 Data Acquisition System (S2-DAS)

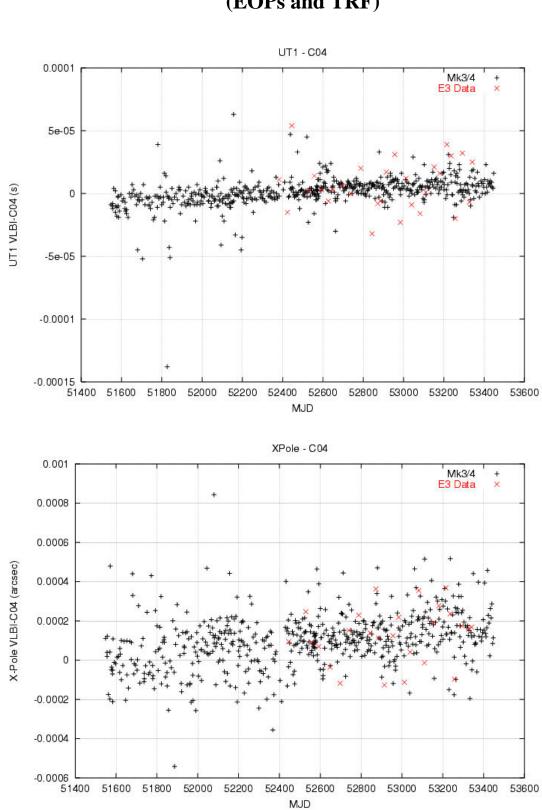
- Utilize Frequency Switching (FS) method to do bandwidth synthesis.
- 2 BBC boards (100Mhz to 1000Mhz). Tone detectors.
- IFX board.
- CLK board.
- Power On Self test
- Monitoring and Control via Console or Ethernet.
- Internal log file. Batch file mode. Default file.
- Supported by PCFS (version 9.7.0).



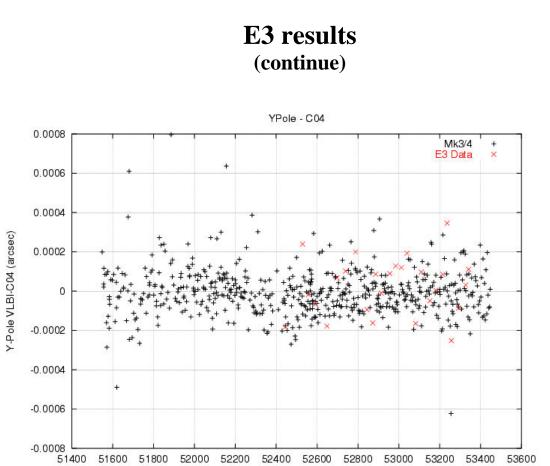


S2 Record/Playback System

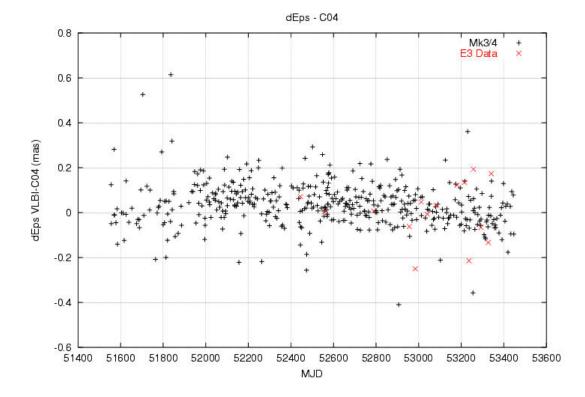




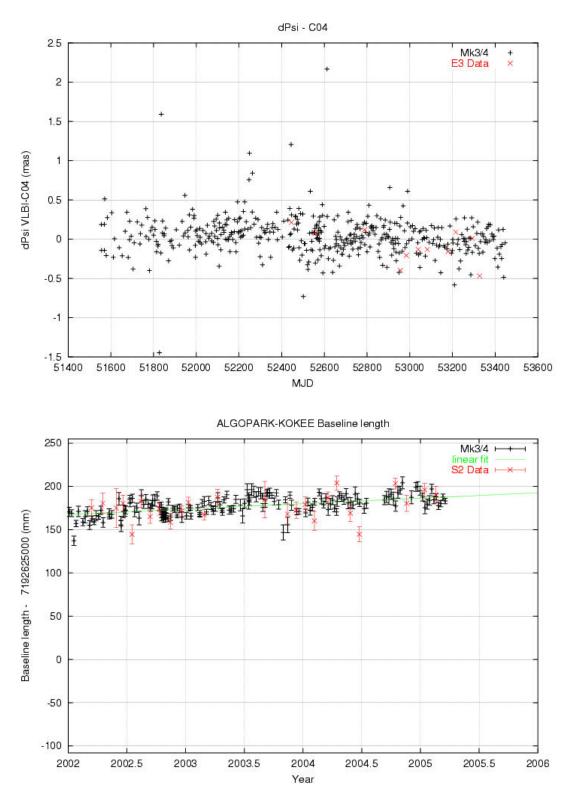
E3 results (EOPs and TRF)







# E3 results (continue)



### **S2-RT Console**

82-RT Yk - H	lyperTerminal		
<u>File E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew	<u>C</u> all <u>T</u> ransfer <u>H</u> elp		
02 28			
S2 Recorder Operating System Transports 0* no tape 1* no tape 2* no tape 3* no tape 4* no tape 5* no tape 6* no tape	User Parms (record) Tape ID: CA-3-0056612 station : YELLOWKN	yellowkn 2003 254-18:50:50 Recorder mode : 32x4-2 (br) Station delay : 0 us Decoder input : channel 0 byp Decoded time : 254-18:50:50.00 Decoder sync : 100% Est err rate : <1.0e-6 % data valid : 0.00% Decoder Xbar : 01234567	
> version ROS version 3.2c [162] (compiled Mon Jul 26 18:52:33 EDT 1999) >			
[help ] [time ] [mode ] [tapeid ] [user ] [record ] [play ] [ETC]			
Connected 00:00:52 VT100 TCP/IP SCROLL CAPS NUM Capture Print echo			

- 1. Interaction window. (bottom) (4.2.2)<sup>1</sup> User input and information, soft-keys.
- 2. Crucial Parms window. (top-right) (4.2.8.1) Time, mode, decoder, Error rate.
- Transport window. (middle-left) (4.2.8.5)
   Transport related parameters. Time, Lock, Temp, position, AGC...
- 4. Tape motion state window. (middle) (4.2.8.4) Overall tape motion states : <<, >, >>, [], ||, REC
- User Parms window. (upper-middle) (4.2.8.3) Tape information: ID, type, recording speed and tape position. Session information: Schedule, source and station names. User data valid flag (PCFS: data\_valid=on)
- 6. Status window. (middle-right) (4.2.8.2) Messages summarizing health of the system.
- 7. Activity Indicator window. (top-left)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> S2-RT User's Manual Version 3.2 (162), August 1998

### **S2-DAS Console**

S2-DAS Ottawa - HyperTerminal			
Eile Edit View Call Iransfer Help			
S2 DAS   BBC/IFX Parameters   2003 254-18:46:25			
<pre>&gt;&lt; Operating  System   # LO BW GAIN TPI DAS mode: 32x4-2-U 11U 324.990 16 +9.29 44634; Auto Gain Control: on Freq sw: run 11L 16 +6.70 42733; Encoding: VLBA Seq: e3-ivs</pre>			
Seq. e3-10s       2U       219.990       16       +11.09       38174;       Station Delay :       0.00 ns         Rate:       1 Hz       2L       16       +7.22       33443;*Wavefront Delay:       0.00 ns         # states :       18;       6PS Delay       :       [no GPS1Hz]         Cur state:       14;       :       :       :			
Dis state: 14: Src: 'BBC# 1 2 'IN IF4 IF4 'SRC DIR/14 DIR/14 'IFTP 36171 36171			
> version DASOS version 1.0d (compiled Tue Dec 11 19:53:11 EST 2001) >			
[help ] [ifx ] [bbc ] [mode ] [time ] [fs ] [source ] [ETC]			
Connected 00:37:17 VT 100 TCP/IP SCROLL CAPS NUM Capture Print echo			

- 1. Interaction window (bottom)  $(3.3.2)^2$ User input and information, soft-keys.
- 2. Crucial Parms window. (top-right) (3.7.1) Time, mode, agc, encoding, delays.
- 3. Frequency switching window. (middle-left) (3.7.6) FS sequence, states.
- 4. User Parms window. (upper-middle) BBC/IFX (3.7.3). Tonedetect (3.7.4).
- 5. Status window. (middle-right) (3.7.2) Messages summarizing health of the system.
- 6. Activity Indicator window. (top-left)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> S2 DAS User's Manual Version 1.1 / Nov 28, 2002

## **Frequency Switching**

On the Mk3, Mk4 systems, 14 BBCs are used to sample the entire IF signal. Normally, 8 channels are dedicated to X band and 6 to S band. The S2-DAS has only 2 BBCs. Frequency switching is required to sample the IF signal at many frequencies. At regular intervals (1 sec), the BBCs are rapidly re-tuned at different frequencies. 2 BBCs are used to reduce hardware biases. Frequency switching can be done with only 1 BBC.

A frequency switching sequence is a series of separate states that optimally sample the IF signal at separate times.

#### **Considerations:**

- 1. No limit to # of states but requires integral # of cycles/day and cycles/scan.
- 2. Losing data (1ms) when switching frequencies.
- 3. Losing data (up to 20ms) due to geometrical delay.
- 4. S and X data are not simultaneous creating bias in ionospheric correction.
- 5. Faster switching reduces bias due to changes in the ionosphere.
- 6. Slower switching reduces data losses due to switching (1ms) and clock misalignment (~20ms).
- 7. Faster switching requires delay tracking model (not implemented).
- 8. Frequency switching rate of 1Hz has been selected for our Geodetic Observation. Correlator data blanking between switches has been set to 30ms, a 1.5% loss in SNR.

#### Notes:

During frequency switching, data in user parms window are switching to reflect active state. The window can be halt to a specific state with the console command.

#### fs displaystate 1

return to switching window with

#### fs displaystate current

### Frequency Switching Sequence E3-IVS

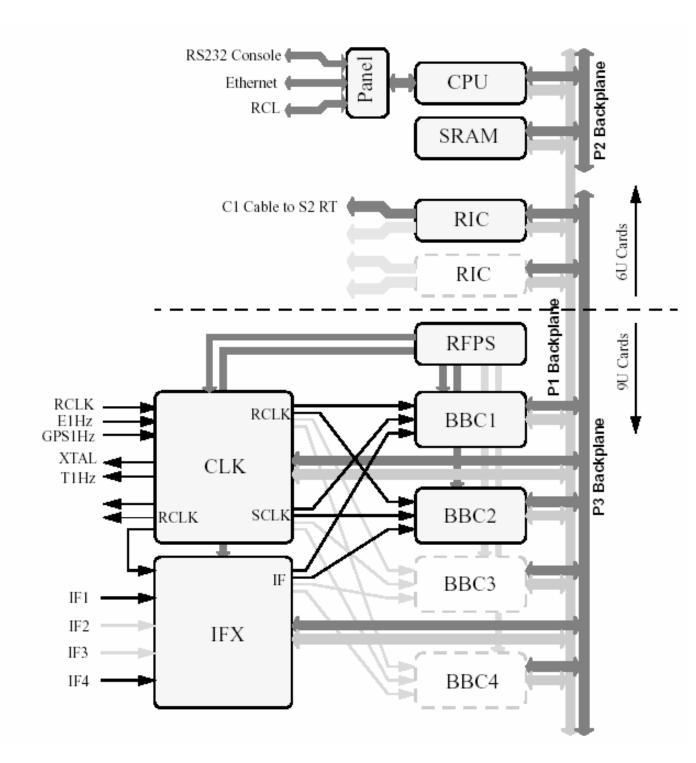
State	BBC 1	IF	BBC2	IF
1	8212.99	Х	8932.99	Х
2	2229.99	S	2354.99	S
3	8932.99	Х	8212.99	Х
4	2354.99	S	2229.99	S
5	8682.99	Х	8462.99	Х
6	2304.99	S	2279.99	S
7	8462.99	Х	8682.99	Х
8	2279.99	S	2304.99	S
9	8922.99	Х	8222.99	Х
10	2234.99	S	2349.99	S
11	8222.99	Х	8922.99	Х
12	2349.99	S	2234.99	S
13	8832.99	Χ	8312.99	Х
14	2344.99	S	2339.99	S
15	8312.99	Х	8832.99	Х
16	2239.99	S	2344.99	S
17	8242.99	Х	8902.99	Х
18	8902.99	Х	8242.99	Х

States were selected to optimize delay peak resolution at the correlator, reduce bias in ionospheric correction, and avoid RFI caused by digital satellites.

Frequency switching rate :	1Hz
Number of states :	18
Number of independent channels X band :	10
Number of independent channels S band :	8

Losing 1 BBC : Delay peak resolution not affected. SNR /  $\sqrt{2}$ .

### S2-DAS



S2-DAS Block Diagram

### **S2-DAS** (continue)

RFPS: Power supply that distributes power to various modules.

**powermon** (display measurements of DC power supply voltages)

CLK: Clock module distributes the 5or10Mhz to other modules. Synchronize DAS to external 1pps. Determine offset between internal 1pps and GPS receiver. Manual sync to external 1pps can be done by typing

#### clk sync

IFX: controls IF signal levels. It is also use for IF test signal generation (self-test).

ifx atten all ifadjust (automatic adjustment of attenuation)
ifx input all direct (external IF signal used)
ifx avper 1.0 (to set TPI integration period to 1 second)

BBC: Baseband converter to sample and digitize the incoming signal.

bbc (to display BBC/IFX user window)
bbc 1 lofreq 299.99 (set frequency of bbc 1)
bbc 1 ifsource if1 (set if1 as the input IF signal)
bbc 1 bw 16.0 (set bandwith to 16Mhz)

# **Monitoring Phase Calibration Signal**

There are 2 tone detectors on each BBC, each of witch can be set to examine either upper or lower sideband. Type

#### tonedetect

to bring the tone detect window.

<b>∑S2-DAS ARO - Hy</b> File Edit <u>V</u> iew <u>C</u> all			
02 22 2			
S2 DAS <> Operating	Tone Detectors   OTTAWA 2003 255-14:21:11		
System Freq sw: stop Seq:	BBC TD         Amp         Ph. deg         TPI         DAS mode:         32x4-2-U           1         1         66.13         173.23         44512         Auto Gain Control: on           1         2         64.00         -97.29         44512         Encoding: VLBA		
Rate: # states :	2 1 79.05 45.21 39448 *Station Delay : 0.00 ns 2 2 68.82 109.39 39448 Wavefront Delay: 0.00 ns 6PS Delay : [no GPS1Hz]		
Cur state: Dis state: Src:	TD 1 freq: 1.010000 MHz USB TD 2 freq: 8.010000 MHz USB Ave. Period: 1 s		
	BBC# 1 2 IFTP 49308 38526		
<pre>&gt; tonedetect &gt; tonedetect Tonedetect 1 freq 1.01 sideband usb Tone detector 1 settings Frequency: 1.010000 MHz Sideband: USB &gt; tonedetect 2 freq 8.01 sideband usb Tone detector 2 settings Frequency: 8.010000 MHz Sideband: USB &gt;</pre>			
[help ] [if;	3 [bbc ] [mode ] [time ] [fs ] [source ] [ETC]		
Connected 00:07:57 V	T100 TCP/IP SCROLL CAPS NUM Capture Print echo		

The tone detect frequency is relative to the baseband bandpass and must be from 0 to the BBC bandwith.

# tonedetect 1 freq 1.01 sideband usb tonedetect 2 freq 8.01 sideband usb

The field system command is

```
tonedet=1.01,usb,8.01,usb,1.0
```

Amplitude and phase can be used to monitor stability of phase cal. The field system can be used to extract phase and amplitude data that can be plot with **logpl** software.

# **E3-IVS mode of operation**

### Setting S2-RT

PCFS commands	Console commands
user_info=1,label,station	user info 1 label station
user_info=2,label,source	user info 2 label source
user_info=3,label,experiment	user info 3 label experiment
rcl=r1,consolecmd,log clear	log clear
user_info=3,field,e3019	user info 3 e3019
rec_mode=32x4-2,0	mode 32x4-2
	groupe 0
	barrelroll on
user_info=1,field,,auto	user info 1 Algonquin
user_info=2,field,,auto	user info 2 3c84
data_valid=off	user dv no
label=ca-3-002530b	tapeid ca-3-002530b
st=for,slp	speed slp
	record

### **Setting S2-DAS**

PCFS commands	Console commands
fs=stop	fs stop
mode=32x4-2-u	mode 32x4-2-u
encode=vlba	encode vlba
agc=on	agc on
ifx=auto,,,auto,dir,,,dir,1.0	ifx atten all ifadjust
	ifx input all direct
	ifx avper 1.0
tonedet=1.01,usb,8.01,usb,1.0	tonedet 1 freq 1.01 sideband usb
	tonedet 2 freq 8.01 sideband usb
	tonedet avper 1.0
fs=start,e3-ivs	fs start e3-ivs

### S2 check list

#### 1. After bootup of DAS or RT.

Check result of self-test (automatic)

### diag self1

Adjust time

**Time** (fmset on PCFS)

# 2. Check that data path from S2-DAS to S2-RT with diag16/diag32 tests.

Set up the RT and DAS by entering the following console commands:

DAS setup	RT setup
agc off	barrelroll off
mode diag16	uic feedthrough on
	mode c1test16

Note: the UIC error counter will appear in the Status Box of the RT, this is OK.

Run the following commands checking that the ber's are 0.0:

Enter the RT console command **uic berc X** (where X is 0..7) Wait a few seconds to make the measurement and then hit 'q' to stop the scrolling.

Do the same for diag32 and c1test32. X is now 0...3.

#### 3. Bit Error Rate tests (berlp.tst, inter.tst) on the S2-RT (1.5hours)

On the RT type

#### batch berlp.tst

Record estimated error rates. Do the interp test (rotate tapes)

#### batch inter.tst

Record estimated error rates Estimated error rates should not be > 1.0 E-3

#### 4. Monitoring pcal

Look at stability of pcal phase and amplitude for X and S band. PCFS can be used to automate the process and generate plots. Make sure to have ifx TPI around 40000.

S2-DAS console	PCFS
bbc all lofreq 149.99 ifsource if1 bw 16 agc on tonedetect tonedetect 1 freq 1.01 sideband usb tonedetect 2 freq 8.01 sideband usb	bc1=149.99,i1,16,16 bbc2=149.99,i1,16,16 agc=on tonedet=1.01,usb,8.01,usb,1.0

BBC TPIs should be around 40000, the phase should remain stable to a few degrees and the amplitude should be over 100. If amplitude is less the 40, check your equipment. You can use the Field System and logpl to monitor it.

Create a new procedure "mpacl" in your station.prc file and insert these commands

tonemeas=1 tonemeas=2 Use this command to monitor every minute.

mpacl@!,1m

To plot your results using logpl, you must add these line to your logpl.ctl control file.

tonemeas/	3	<b>B1U-T1</b>	1u
tonemeas/	3	<b>B2U-T1</b>	2u
tonemeas/	6	<b>B1U-T2</b>	1u
tonemeas/	6	<b>B2U-T2</b>	<b>2u</b>

#### 5. BBC noise floor check

This test that level of signal level at the BBC is appropriate.

mode 32x4-2-u encode vlba

Setup the X band test using this command sequence:

ifx input all direct ifx atten all ifadjust bbc all lofreq 149.99 ifsource if1 bw 16 agc on

After the agc has fully adapted, record BBC TPI's. Turn off the agc, i.e. type 'agc off'. (BBC TPI should be ~40000)

### agc off

Apply maximum attenuation to the input signal.

### ifx atten all 30

BBC TPI's should be now lower than 10000 (5000 is preferable)

Repeat same test for frequency 829.99.

### bbc all lofreq 829.99 ifsource if1 bw 16

Repeat test at S band (if4) at frequency 199.99.

### bbc all lofreq 199.99 ifsource if4 bw 16

### 6. TSYS

TSYS measurements are not included in the latest version of PCFS.

### 7. During experiment checks

Check time on DAS and RT (PCFS could do it during midob). Check there are no error status.

On the RT, check tapes are rolling. It could happen that one of the transports does not start after issuing label command. You can restart all transports with the RT command.

### record (all tapes) transport 1 record (start transport 1)

It could happen that tapes reach end of tape EOT before the end of scan. Wait for schedule to eject tapes.

On the DAS, make sure the Frequency Switching is running and Pcal is fine. You can use the command

### fs displaystate 1

To look at specific state.

# S2 contacts at Geodetic Survey

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### **References**

S2-RT User's manual Version (162) August 1998 S2-DAS User's manual Version 1.1 November 28, 2002