

Mark 6: A Next-Generation VLBI Data System

Alan Whitney & David Lapsley
MIT Haystack Observatory

Mikael Taveniku
XCube Systems

11 May 2011
VLBI TOW meeting
MIT Haystack Observatory

XCube data system

(candidate for next-generation VLBI data system)

- System developed by small company in Nashua, NH for automobile industry
- Real-time high-data-rate disk-array data system based on fully commercial-off-the-shelf (COTS) hardware
- 8 Gbps sustained recording rate from RDBE demonstrated
- First COTS-hardware system that (to my knowledge) properly handles slow and/or failed disks during recording
- Runs on Linux platform with some modified kernel code and drivers for efficient memory and disk management
- Hardware/software combination is highly tuned for performance
- System currently under evaluation/development at XCube & Haystack

XCube Demonstrations

- Haystack: Dec 2010
 - Recorded two 10GigE data streams at 4Gbps each (from RDBE) to 20 disks; 8 Gbps sustained for ~10 minutes
 - One 4-disk eSATA cable was disconnected from a module while recording; system transferred load to remaining 16 disks within <1 second
- Socorro: Jan 2011
 - Simultaneously recorded identical 2Gbps data stream from RDBE to both Mark 5C and XCube systems; no problems
 - Cross-correlated Mark 5C vs XCube data with “zerocorr” software by Walter Brisken
 - With exception of minor bookkeeping hiccup, cross-correlation worked perfectly on first try



These connections will be fixed until cables are swapped

Can be turned 180 to double lifespan

These connections will be used when switching disk packs

Some Mark 6 Characteristics

- 1 to 4 10GigE data interfaces
- Up to 16Gbps sustained recording rate (to 24 to 36 disks); ~32Gbps burst mode capture (not yet fully tested)
- Supports inexpensive commodity SATA disks (but disks must be qualified)
- eSATA cable connections from controller to disk module(s) [four disks per cable]; insensitive to cable order
- Records to standard Linux files
- Properly manages slow/failed disks to sustain target data rates
- Can use XCube disk modules (similar to Mark 5 modules); Can convert existing Mark 5 modules to Mark 6 compatibility with new module backplane and front panel (with e-SATA and power connectors); under development
- Playback as standard Linux files
- Good fit to two current VLBI programs:
 - VLBI2010 – currently planning 16Gbps/stn, possibly expanding to 32Gbps/stn
 - mm-VLBI – currently planning 16Gbps/stn, expanding to 64Gbps/stn over next few years

Some Mark 6 VSI-S capabilities

- VSI-S is built as layer on top of XCube XML native software interface
- Recording units are define as ‘volumes’, each of which consists of one or more physical disk modules
 - Multi-module volumes are required for recording rates >~4Gbps
 - Multi-module volumes retain identity thru correlation processing, then are returned to single-module volumes
- Volumes are managed on an ordered ‘Volume Stack’ that allows multiple volumes to be connected simultaneously
 - Allows volumes to be queued in specific order for usage
 - Supports automated switchover to next volume in Volume Stack when current module becomes full; switchover takes place between scans
- Disk statistics gathered during recording allow easy identification of slow/failing disks by disk serial number
- Modules are self-discovered when connected to Mark 6

Work in Progress

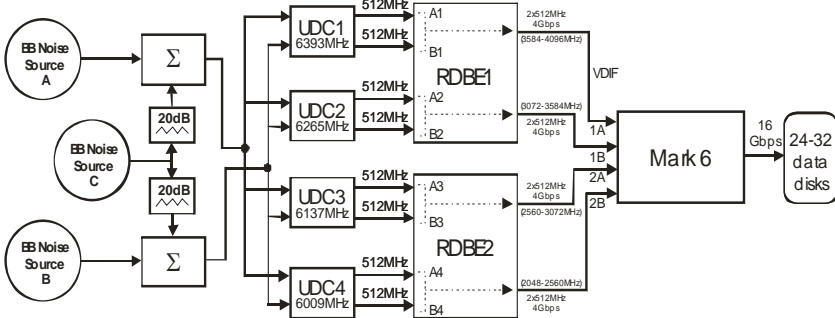
- Mark 6 VSI-S specification has been written and partially implemented
- Minor software revisions being made to support several VLBI-specific issues:
 - Permanent module-serial numbers
 - Gather individual disk-performance statistics
 - Allow one disk module to record/playback undisturbed while utility operations are performed on another (mount/dismount, read MSN, etc)
- Design in progress for new module backplane and front panel to retrofit existing Mark 5 modules for XCube compatibility
 - Must use only SATA disks
 - External cooling must be supplied

Plans

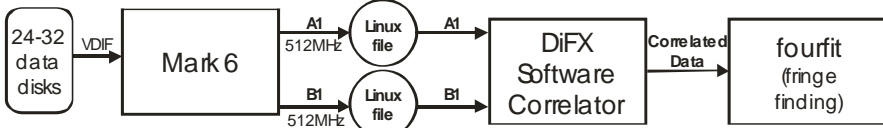
- Complete Mark 6 VSI-S implementation
- Integrate Mark 6 with NASA Field System
- Integrate Mark 6 with DiFX correlator
- Design new backplanes/front-panels for conversion of current Mark 5 to compatibility with Mark 6
- First 16Gbps VLBI experiment with Mark 6 planned for summer 2011 with VLBI2010 system at Westford and GGAO antennas
- Expected Mark 6 availability to VLBI community ~late summer/early fall 2011

A Mark 6 memo series is available at
<http://www.haystack.edu/tech/vlbi/mark6/memo.html>

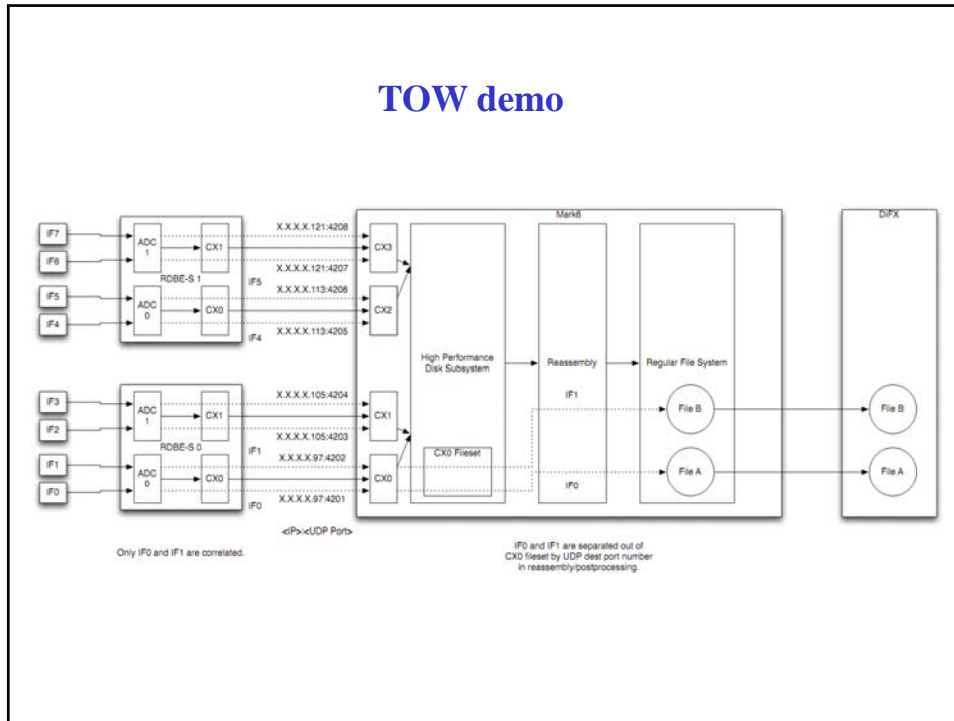
TOW demo (recording)



TOW demo (correlation)

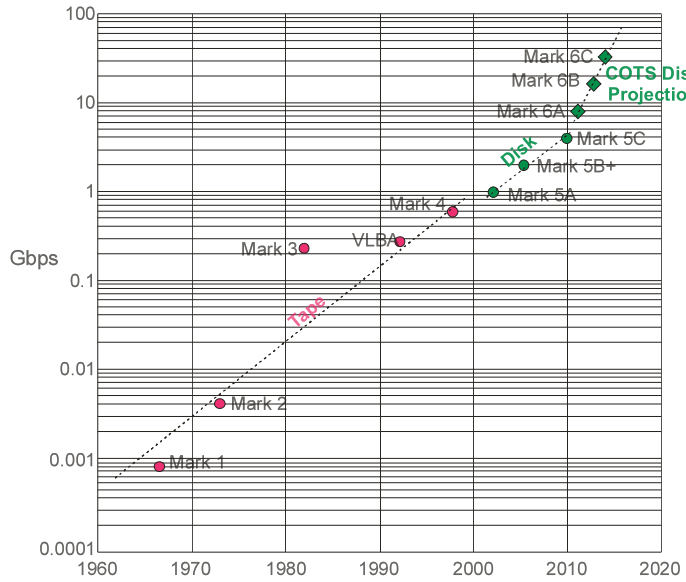


TOW demo



Questions?

Recording Rate vs Time



k\$/Gbps vs Time

